Name	K	t i	
Section_			

Instructions: This exam is in two parts: Part I is to be completed partly at home using the materials posted on Blackboard for Part I and you will answer questions about that work in class below; Part II is to be completed entirely in class. You may not use cell phones, and you may only access internet resources you are specifically directed to use. You may access your data file for Part I of the exam in Blackboard. You may access the data files posted to Blackboard for the Exam part II. Be sure you are using the data file that matches the exam version you are given.

Part I: At Home

This part was completed at home. You can upload the Excel file for Part I to the Part I folder in Blackboard for use during the Exam period. However, this submission will **not** be graded in this location, it must be submitted to the "**to be graded** folder" to receive credit.

Part II: In Class

- 1. Use the work done at home to answer the Part I questions.
- 2. Open the file from the in-class portion of the final posted on Blackboard that corresponds to the version of the exam you have. This is Exam A.
- 3. Answer the questions corresponding to the data file, and any additional calculation in Excel required.
- 4. When you have finished answering questions on the exam, and all your answers have been recorded on the paper test for grading, upload **both** the <u>take home Excel file</u> **and** the <u>in-class Excel file</u> to the same in-class Exam folder in Blackboard for grading. Only those files submitted to the correct folder will be graded. (If in doubt, put all work in one Excel file.)
- 5. Turn in your paper copy of the exam to your instructor.
- 6. Enjoy your break!

Part I:

The following questions refer to problem #1 from Part I:

1. State the amount of money to be invested in each fund? (6 points)

Aggressive 54 Shaves * 162 = \$8748 Mid Cap O Shaves * 12 = \$0

2. What is objective function for your model, and what is the minimum risk? Write the equation and explain the meaning of all variables in the model. (12 points)

19.4x + 13.7q = 1047.6 min risk

X # of Shares of Aggressive Growth Fund Y # of Shares of Med Cap fund

3. State the shadow price for aggressive growth fund and explain its meaning. (8 points) average annual rehum

0.647 for each dollar samed risk increases by 0.647

The following questions refer to problem #2 from Part I:

4. Report your 90% confidence interval for the previous income of Engineering majors. Interpret the interval in the context of the problem. (10 points)

(8 50,729, \$165,951)

We are 90% confident that the true mean of previous salary to engineering majors is between \$50,729 and \$165,951.

as well as the beggest spread. Answels well vary. 7. Report your 99% confidence interval for the cluster sample for salary. Which ages did you use and how do you think that affected your data? Do you think this is a representative sample? Why or why not? (9 points) (8 54,976, 937,477) 29,32,35	5. What do you no	tice about the intervals as the confidence I	evel increases? (6 points)
intervals. Do they appear to agree (qualitatively)? Explain. (8 points) **Trunce does appear to kave highest upper bound as well as the biggs of spread **Answels as the biggs	they get	urder	
intervals. Do they appear to agree (qualitatively)? Explain. (8 points) **Trunce does appear to Lave Righest upper bound as well as the beggest spread **Answers will vary.** 7. Report your 99% confidence interval for the cluster sample for salary. Which ages did you use and how do you think that affected your data? Do you think this is a representative sample? Why or why not? (9 points) **(8 54.976, \$37.472) 29,32,35 ***Resonable so, in maddle gag ang, larg cluster answers will vary.** The following questions refer to problem #3 from Part!: 8. Report the 97% confidence interval for the difference of mean monthly expenses. What can you say about what this interval means for how the mean monthly expenses differs from the two marital states? (10 points) **(A - 413.44, A - 327,67)* **Not married bookle have fewer expenses.**	6. Describe your co	omparative boxplot and how it relates to ve	our complete set of confidence
as well as the beggest spread Asswels will vary. 7. Report your 99% confidence interval for the cluster sample for salary. Which ages did you use and how do you think that affected your data? Do you think this is a representative sample? Why or why not? (9 points) (# 54,976, # 37,472) 29,32,35 **Rasonabley so, in maddle fage large, large cluster answers will vary. The following questions refer to problem #3 from Part!: 8. Report the 97% confidence interval for the difference of mean monthly expenses. What can you say about what this interval means for how the mean monthly expenses differs from the two marital states? (10 points) (# -413.44, # -327,67) **Manuel People have fewer expenses			
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say about what this interval means for how the mean monthly expenses differs from the two marital states? (10 points) $(4-413.44, 4-327, 67)$ Not married people have fewer expenses	The following questions	refer to problem #3 from Part Y:	
not married people have feever expenses	say about what	this interval means for how the mean mont	
9	(A)-	-413.44, \$ -327,67	
Maverage	not,	named people have	fewer expenses
	ï	un average	

Calculations in Excel: (1) 35 points, (2) 40 points, (3) 25 points.

rait II.
 Explain the procedure for producing a systematic sample. Describe a situation where this would produce a representative sample, and one where it would not. (6 points)
a systematic sample of size N divides the dalaset
Size K) (KN) to determine the step 812e.
Then an initial vandom value between I and (KN)
is selected and then add (Fh) until sampling
Jone is exhausted - more representative when we 10. Describe a situation where someone responding to a survey might be inclined to provide an Sorted
10. Describe a situation where someone responding to a survey might be inclined to provide an untruthful response? What are some steps a researcher can take to reducing the number of untruthful responses? (6 points)
when there is peer pressure (social pressure) to
when there is peer pressure (social pressure) to provide certain responses; irsk of havin if confidentiali
breached - answers will vary
make surveys anothymous; pronde ranges (for incomés rephrase questions - anowers un'il vanj.
rephrase questions - answers und vang.
11. Describe what a measurement error is. How can we manage measurement errors? Are they accounted for when we build confidence errors? (6 points)
mis reading or mis recording data
Calibrate inshuments on known samples
take measurements turce
Check for ontheis
-answers will vanj.
they are not accounted for in confidence intervals

12. A 95% confidence interval is calculated from a sample size of 115, and it is found to be (81.6,120.3), for the mean speed in kilometers per hour on a certain road in Canada. What is the point estimate at the center of this interval? What is the standard deviation of the sample from which it was drawn? [Hint: use the confidence interval formula at the end of the exam to solve for σ .] (10 points)

Part estimate St. deviation

- 13. Calculate the probabilities associated with the following z and t values. Round each value to 4 decimal places. (4 points each)
 - a. P(z < 0.53)

b. $P(z \ge -0.72)$

0.7619

c. P(t > -1.16, df = 20)

d. $P(t \le 2.3, df = 103)$

0.9883

14. Using the data in 310exam1data.xlsx file, calculate the proportion of families in the sample with just one child. Use that proportion to determine the sample size needed to calculate a 95% confidence interval that has only a 2.5% margin of error. [Hint: Sample size formula is at the end of the exam.] (8 points)

family six

proportion 26.6% Sample 812e 1201

15. l	Using the data in the	same data file, calculate the following	: (4 p	oints	each)
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a. Create a pivot table displaying Gender and Rent/Own. Copy it below.

	Own	Rent)	Totals
Female	237	270	507
Male	141	352	493
Totals	378	622	1000

b. The proportion of the sample that own their home.

c. The standard error (sampling distribution standard deviation) for this situation.

d. The 95% confidence interval for the proportion of the sample that owns their home.

e. Interpret the interval in the context of the problem.

we are 95% confident that The true proportion of home wneiship is between 34.8% and 40.8%.

		I .
fr	sing the data on sheet #16-17, you will find salaries from a om East Coast business schools five years out of school. T PA, industry and experience. Is the data dependent or inc	he graduates are matched for major
	dependent "Pais" & "makked	
m ea	se the data from the previous problem to calculate a confidence. Report the interval and explain whether it indicates arning power between the two groups. Test your answers 0 points)	there is (or is not) a difference in
	(149, 487) There is a states heally S	igaeficant
TQ. AA	there is a state healty S diff in Salanes box plot conference men and that are the conditions that need to be met to use the pro- lint: it assumes the normal approximation to the binomial	portion confidence interval formula?
C	npg≥10 np≥5ang≥5	distribution.] (†2 points)
19. W	hat conditions need to be satisfied to use a Student-t conf	idence interval? (8 points)
5	approximate normality generally for small Samples Fandard decration of popul	lation Unknown

$$\sigma_{\bar{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\sigma_{\bar{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$
 $\sigma_{\hat{p}} = \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$

$$s_{pooled} = \sqrt{\frac{(n_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (n_2 - 1)s_2^2}{n_1 + n_2 - 2}}$$

$$s_{x_1 - x_2} = s_{pooled} \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}$$

Sample sizes:
$$n > \hat{p}(1-\hat{p})\left(\frac{z_{\alpha/2}}{E}\right)^2$$

$$n > \left(\frac{z_{\alpha/2}\sigma}{E}\right)^2$$

$$m = n = \frac{4z_{\alpha/2}^2(\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2)}{w^2}$$

Confidence intervals:

$$\bar{x} \pm t_{\alpha/2,n-1} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

Two samples (independent):
$$(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} \sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}}$$
 $(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) - z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}_1(1-\hat{p}_1)}{n_1} + \frac{\hat{p}_2(1-\hat{p}_2)}{n_2}}$

$$\hat{p} \pm z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{n}}$$

$$(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) - z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}_1(1-\hat{p}_1)}{n_1} + \frac{\hat{p}_2(1-\hat{p}_2)}{n_2}}$$

Upload your completed Excel files (plural!) to the Exam #1 submission box in Blackboard, and submit your completed paper exam to your instructor. You may not modify anything once the exam is submitted.