BUS 310, Final Exam A, Fall 2018

Name ______ Section ______

Instructions: This exam is in two parts: Part I is to be completed partly at home using the materials posted on Blackboard for Part I and you will answer questions about that work in class below; Part II is to be completed entirely in class. You may not use cell phones, and you may only access internet resources you are specifically directed to use. You may access your data file for Part I of the exam in Blackboard. You may access the data files posted to Blackboard for the Exam part II. Be sure you are using the data file that matches the exam version you are given.

Part I: At Home

This part was completed at home. You can upload the Excel file for Part I to the Part I folder in Blackboard for use during the Exam period. However, this submission will not be graded in this location, it must be submitted to the "to be graded folder" to receive credit.

Part II: In Class

- 1. Use the work done at home to answer the Part I questions.
- 2. Open the file from the in-class portion of the final posted on Blackboard that corresponds to the version of the exam you have. This is Exam A.
- 3. Answer the questions corresponding to the data file, and any additional calculation in Excel required.
- 4. When you have finished answering questions on the exam, and all your answers have been recorded on the paper test for grading, upload **both** the <u>take home Excel file</u> **and** the <u>in-class</u> <u>Excel file</u> to the same in-class Exam folder in Blackboard for grading. Only those files submitted to the correct folder will be graded. (If in doubt, put all work in one Excel file.)
- 5. Turn in your paper copy of the exam to your instructor.
- 6. Enjoy your break!

Part I:

The following questions refer to problem #1 from Part I:

 Write the objective function you are using to minimize production cost. State the minimum cost. (8 points)

2. How many of each type of beer should be made to produce the minimum cost? (8 points)

3. What is the shadow price for regular beer. Interpret the meaning of this value. (8 points)

The following questions refer to problem #2 from Part I:

4. For your complete model, which variable had the highest P-value? State the variable name and the P-value. (8 points)

5. After eliminating all variables whose coefficients failed their *t*-tests, write the final regression equation you obtained, the R^2 value, and explain your reasoning for choosing it. (12 points)

6. Define the term overfitting. Why is overfitting bad when developing regression models? (8 points)

 Did any of the surviving variables in the final model appear to be nonlinear? Why or why not? (8 points)

8. State a 95% confidence interval for the coefficient for Percent International in your final model. Interpret it in context. (8 points)

9. Interpret the meaning of the slope for Average GMAT in context. (8 points)

 Use your equation to predict the average starting salary of a business student with an enrollment of 1234, average GMAT of 700, resident tuition 94,104, Percent International of 33, Percent Female of 32, Percent Asian of 12, Percent Minority of 13, Percent with Job Offers, 94. Construct a 95% prediction interval around that prediction. [Hint: Use you best model. If the model does not contain a particular variable, omit it as irrelevant.] (12 points)

11. Examine your residual graphs for your best model. Do any of the graphs indicate the variables heteroscedastic or nonlinear? Explain. (8 points)

12. Interpret the meaning of the R^2 value in the context of the problem. (8 points)

13. Are there any outliers in the data? Use the residuals and residual plots to determine which point is suspect. Use your standard error for the model. Find the outlier on the list of residuals produced by the regression analysis. Multiply the standard error by two. Is the absolute value of the residual larger than twice the standard error? If so, it's an outlier. If not, then it should be left in the model. Describe what you found. (15 points)

The following questions are based on problem #3 from Part I:

14. Using data on public and private business schools, determine if the two measurements are dependent or independent. Explain your reasoning. (6 points)

15. Conduct an appropriate *t*-test to determine if private schools result in higher initial starting salaries or not. State the null and alternative hypotheses, test statistic, P-value and state the results in an English sentence understandable to a non-statistician. (12 points)

Calculations in Excel: (1) 30 points, (2) 50 points, (3) 25 points.

Part II:

16. A study is conducted to analyze the weekly food expenses for a family of four. The data they collect is found in the attached file. One previous analysis suggests that the mean weekly food expense is \$260. Conduct a hypothesis test of means to determine if this result has changed from previous results. State the hypotheses, test statistic, P-value and conclusion. Is this sufficient evidence to think the weekly food expense is not \$260? (12 points)

17. Interpret a Type I and Type II error in the context of this problem. (8 points)

18. Construct a 70% confidence interval for the mean weekly food expense. Interpret the interval in context. (8 points)

19. Suppose that you wish to sample employees of a large company to determine factors that predict high inside sales commissions in order to prepare for a new training program. The company has 975 employees in this position around the world. The company wants to select 10 of them for an initial study of best practices. Eligible employees are assigned numbers from 1 to 975 based on their date of initial hire. Select a simple random sample and report the employee numbers you have selected below. (6 points)

Standard errors:
$$\sigma_{\overline{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \qquad \sigma_{\overline{p}} = \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}} \qquad S_{pooled} = \sqrt{\frac{(n_1-1)s_1^2 + (n_2-1)s_2^2}{n_1 + n_2 - 2}}$$

$$S_{x_1-x_2} = S_{pooled} \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}$$
Sample sizes: $n > \hat{p}(1-\hat{p}) \left(\frac{x_{n/2}}{E}\right)^2 \qquad n > \left(\frac{x_{n/2}\sigma}{E}\right)^2 \qquad m = n = \frac{4x_{n/2}^2(\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2)}{w^2}$
Confidence intervals:
One sample: $\overline{x} \pm t_{\alpha/2,n-1} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}} \qquad \hat{p} \pm z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{n}}$
Two samples (independent): $(\overline{x}_1 - \overline{x}_2) \pm t_{\alpha/2,n-1} \sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}} \qquad (\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) - z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}_1(1-\hat{p}_1)}{n_1} + \frac{\hat{p}_2(1-\hat{p}_2)}{n_2}}$
Test statistics:
One sample: $z \text{ or } t = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu_0}{s/\sqrt{n}} \qquad z = \frac{\hat{p} - p_0}{\sqrt{p_0(1-p_0)/n}}$
Two samples: dependent: $z \text{ or } t = \frac{\hat{d}_0 - \delta}{\frac{s_1}{\sqrt{n}}}$
Independent: $z \text{ or } t = \frac{(\hat{x}_1 - \hat{x}_2) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2}{n_2}}} \qquad z = \frac{(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) - (p_1 - p_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{p(1-p_1)/n}{n_1} + \frac{p(1-p_2)}{n_2}}}$
Degrees of freedom (two samples, unpooled) $v = \frac{\left(\frac{s_1^2}{m} + \frac{s_1^2}{n_1}\right)^2}{\left(\frac{s_1^2}{m} + \frac{s_1^2}{n_1}\right)^2}}{\frac{s_1^2}{m-1} + \frac{s_1^2}{n-1}}$

$$\chi^2 \text{Tests:} \qquad \chi^2 = \sum_{all cells} \frac{(obs - exp)^2}{exp}$$
ANOVA: $MSE = \frac{\left(\sum_{j=n}^2 n_j (\nabla_j^2)^2\right)}{j_{-1}} \qquad MSS = \sum_{j=1}^J \frac{(n_j - 1)s_j^2}{n-j}} \qquad F = \frac{MSE}{MSS}$

Upload your completed Excel files to the Final Exam **to be graded** submission box in Blackboard, and submit your completed paper exam to your instructor. You may not modify anything once the exam is submitted.