

Which Systems Method to Use Key

①

$$\begin{cases} x+2y=4 \\ x+1=5-2y \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{aligned} 2y &= -x+4 \\ x+1-5 &= -2y \\ x-4 &= -2y \\ -x+4 &= 2y \end{aligned}$$

> $-x+4 = -x+4$
identity

I chose substitution

all methods required

Some algebra, but by solving
for $2y$ avoided fractions

any point satisfying
 $x+2y=4$
is a solution

b) $\begin{cases} 3x-2y=-2 \\ 2x+y=8 \end{cases}$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -2x+8 \\ 3x-2(-2x+8) &= -2 \\ 3x+4x-16 &= -2 \\ \hline 7x &= 14 \\ x &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$y = -2(2)+8 = 4$

Substitution

Since one of the
 y 's has coeff. 8!

c) $\begin{cases} y=x+2 \\ 3x-3y=-6 \end{cases}$

Choose substitution since
only one equation was
solved for y .

(2, 4)

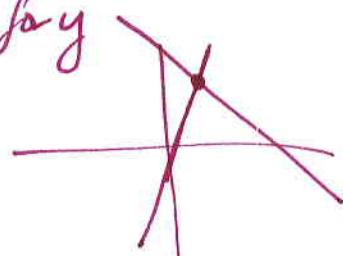
$$\begin{aligned} 3x-3(x+2) &= -6 \\ 3x-3x-6 &= -6 \\ -6 &= -6 \end{aligned}$$

any point
satisfying
 $y=x+2$
is a solution

d) $\begin{cases} y=3x-1 \\ y=-2x+5 \end{cases}$

graphing, since both solved for y

$$(1.2, 2.6) = \left(\frac{6}{5}, \frac{13}{5}\right)$$



$$\textcircled{e} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -6x - 2y = 4 \\ 5x + 3y = -2 \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} *3 \\ *2 \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{r} -18x - 6y = 12 \\ 10x + 6y = -4 \\ \hline -8x = 8 \end{array}$$

(2)

Choose elimination
since I could
avoid fractions that way

$$\begin{array}{r} x = -1 \\ 5(-1) + 3y = -2 \\ +5 \\ \hline 3y = 3 \Rightarrow y = 1 \end{array} \quad (-1, 1)$$

$$f) \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x + 2y = 4 \\ x + 4y + z = 11 \\ 3x + 3y - z = 5 \end{array} \right. > \text{add}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 2y = 4 \\ * -4 \\ 4x + 7y = 16 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4x - 8y = -16 \\ 4x + 7y = 16 \\ \hline -y = 0 \Rightarrow y = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 2(0) = 4 \\ x = 4 \\ x + 4y + z = 11 \\ -4 + 4(0) + z = 11 \\ \hline z = 7 \end{array}$$

(4, 0, 7)

Chose elimination
graphing is out w/ 3 variables)

Since I could add 2nd & 3rd eq. to eliminate z then 2 vars
of result and 1st eq.

$$g) \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2x + 2y + 5z = 9 \\ -3x + 4y + 2z = 13 \\ 3x + 5y - 7z = 25 \end{array} \right. > \text{add} \quad 4y - 5z = 38$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 2y + 5z = 9 \\ *3 \\ -3x + 4y + 2z = 13 \\ 3x + 5y - 7z = 25 \\ \hline 6x + 6y + 15z = 27 \end{array}$$

(3)

g continued

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 9y - 5z = 38 & *19 \\ 14y + 19z = 53 & *5 \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{rcl} 171y - 95z = 722 \\ 70y + 95z = 265 \\ \hline 241y = \frac{987}{241} \end{array}$$

$$z = \frac{53 - 14y}{19} = \frac{-55}{241}$$

$$y = \frac{987}{241}$$

$$2x + 2y + 5z = 9$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{9 - 2y - 5z}{2} = \frac{235}{241}$$

$$\left(\frac{235}{241}, \frac{987}{241}, \frac{-55}{241} \right)$$

this answer checks out

used elimination to avoid fractions until the end,
but the numbers are large. The more variables there are,
the more this happens.