

Instructions: Show all work. Use exact answers unless otherwise asked to round.

1. Find the slope of the tangent line of  $r = 3(1 - \cos \theta)$  at  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

$$\frac{dr}{d\theta} = 3\sin\theta$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{3\sin\theta \cdot \sin\theta + 3(1-\cos\theta)\cos\theta}{3\sin\theta\cos\theta - 3(1-\cos\theta)\sin\theta} = \frac{3\sin^2\theta + 3 - 3\cos^2\theta}{3\sin\theta\cos\theta - 3 + 3\sin\theta\cos\theta} \\ &= \frac{3(\sin^2\theta - \cos^2\theta + 1)}{6\sin\theta\cos\theta - 3} = \frac{\sin^2\theta - \cos^2\theta + 1}{2\sin\theta\cos\theta - 1} = \frac{1 - 0 + 1}{0 - 1} = \frac{2}{-1} = -2 \end{aligned}$$

2. Find the area of the inner loop of  $r = 4 - 6\sin\theta$ .

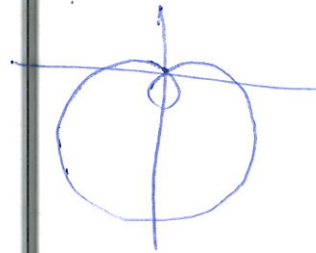
$$4 = 6\sin\theta$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{6} = \sin\theta$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \approx 0.7297$$

and  $\pi - 0.7297 = 2.4119$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} \int_{0.7297}^{2.4119} (4 - 6\sin\theta)^2 d\theta &= \frac{1}{2} \int_{0.7297}^{2.4119} (16 - 48\sin\theta + 36\sin^2\theta) d\theta \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int_{0.7297}^{2.4119} (16 - 48\sin\theta + 18 - 18\cos 2\theta) d\theta = \frac{1}{2} [16\theta - 48\cos\theta + 18\theta - 9\sin 2\theta] \\ &\approx 1.7635 \end{aligned}$$



3. Find the common interior of  $r = 4\sin\theta$ ,  $r = 2$ .

$$2 = 4\sin\theta$$

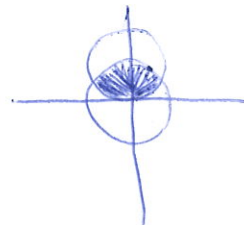
$$\frac{1}{2} = \sin\theta$$

$\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}$

$$\begin{aligned} &2 \left[ \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\pi/6} (4\sin\theta)^2 d\theta + \frac{1}{2} \int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/2} 2^2 d\theta \right] \\ &= \int_0^{\pi/6} 16\sin^2\theta d\theta + \int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/2} 4 d\theta \\ &= \int_0^{\pi/6} 8 - 8\cos 2\theta d\theta + \int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/2} 4 d\theta \\ &= \left[ 8\theta - 4\sin 2\theta \right]_0^{\pi/6} + \left[ 4\theta \right]_{\pi/6}^{\pi/2} \end{aligned}$$

$$= 8\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) - 4\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) + 4\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) - 4\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{8\pi}{3} - 2\sqrt{3}}$$



$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\frac{dr}{d\theta} \sin\theta + r \cos\theta}{\frac{dr}{d\theta} \cos\theta - r \sin\theta}$$