

Instructions: Show all work. Use exact answers unless otherwise asked to round.

1. Integrate.

a. $\int x^2 \cos x \, dx$

$$u = x^2 \quad dv = \cos x \, dx$$

$$du = 2x \, dx \quad v = \sin x$$

$$x^2 \sin x - \int 2x \sin x \, dx$$

$$u = 2x \quad dv = \sin x \, dx$$

$$du = 2 \, dx \quad v = -\cos x$$

$$x^2 \sin x - [2x(-\cos x) - \int -\cos x \cdot 2 \, dx] =$$

$$\boxed{x^2 \sin x + 2x \cos x - 2 \sin x + C}$$

b. $\int \ln(4+x^2) \, dx$

$$u = \ln(4+x^2) \quad dv = dx$$

$$du = \frac{1}{4+x^2} \cdot 2x \, dx \quad v = x$$

$$x \ln(4+x^2) - \int \frac{2x^2}{4+x^2} \, dx$$

$$x \ln(4+x^2) - 2 \int 1 - \frac{4}{4+x^2} \, dx$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2+4 \overline{) x^2} \\ \underline{-x^2-4} \\ -4 \end{array}$$

$$x \ln(4+x^2) - 2 \left[x - 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \right] + C$$

$$= \boxed{x \ln(4+x^2) - 2x + 4 \arctan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + C}$$