

KEY

Instructions: Show all work. Use exact answers unless specifically asked to round. Answer all parts of each question.

1. Find the sum of $\sum_{i=0}^4 \frac{(-1)^i}{i!}$.

$$\frac{(-1)^0}{0!} + \frac{(-1)^1}{1!} + \frac{(-1)^2}{2!} + \frac{(-1)^3}{3!} + \frac{(-1)^4}{4!}$$

$$1 + (-1) + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{24} = \frac{3}{8}$$

2. Use mathematical induction to prove that $\sum_{i=1}^n (4i - 1) = n(2n + 1)$.

$$\begin{matrix} i=1 \\ n=1 \end{matrix} \quad 4(1) - 1 = 3$$

$$(1)(2(1) + 1) = 3 \quad \text{base case, yes.}$$

suppose true for n , show for $n+1$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n+1} (4i - 1) = \sum_{i=1}^n (4i - 1) + 4(n+1) - 1 = n(2n+1) + 4(n+1) - 1$$

$$2n^2 + n + 4n + 4 - 1 =$$

$$\text{show} = (n+1)[2(n+1) + 1]$$

$$2n^2 + 5n + 3 = (2n+3)(n+1)$$

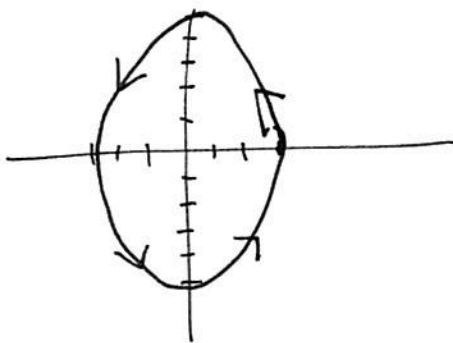
$$= (n+1)(2(n+1) + 1) \quad \checkmark$$

3. Use the binomial theorem to expand $(x^2 - y)^4$.

$$(x^2)^4 + 4(x^2)^3(-y) + 6(x^2)^2(-y)^2 + 4(x^2)(-y)^3 + (-y)^4$$

$$x^8 - 4x^6y + 6x^4y^2 - 4x^2y^3 + y^4$$

4. Draw the graph of $x = 3 \cos t$, $y = 5 \sin t$. Note the orientation on the graph.



5. Convert the function $y = 3x - 4$ into a parametric equation in two different ways. Describe how the two results differ.

Answers will
vary

$$x = t$$
$$y = 3t - 4$$

Simplest way
Covers the whole graph
Crosses through at a steady rate

$$x = t^2$$
$$y = 3t^2 - 4$$

only does positive part of graph
passes through at an increasing rate

$$x = \sin t$$
$$y = 3 \sin t - 4$$

only does a section of the graph
where $x \in [-1, 1]$

etc.