Springs, solutions.

Directions: Do one step, and then pass it along to the next student. You do not have to solve the entire problem. If you see a mistake, correct it. If you are not sure, discuss. I will check back.

Solve the problem below.

- 1. A mass weighing 6 pounds is attached to a spring and stretches it 4 inches. The spring is stretched an additional 6 inches from equilibrium and released with an upward velocity of 1 inch per second. A forcing function of  $F(x) = \sin x$  is applied to the system.
  - a. Set up the equation of the system, including stating any initial conditions.
  - b. Solve the system.
  - c. Does the system exhibit resonance or beats?
  - d. Graph the system.
  - e. Describe the long-term behavior of the system.

$$F = ky \to 6 = k\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \to k = 18$$
  

$$F = ma \to 6 = m(32) \to m = \frac{3}{16}$$
  

$$\frac{3}{16}y'' + 18y = \sin x$$
  

$$y'' + 96y = \frac{16}{3}\sin x, y(0) = -\frac{1}{2}, y'(0) = \frac{1}{12}$$

 $\begin{aligned} k^2+96 &= 0 \rightarrow k = \pm 9.798i\\ y_h &= c_1 \sin 9.798x + c_2 \cos 9.798x , y_p = A \sin x + B \cos x \end{aligned}$ 

$$-A\sin x - B\cos x + 96A\sin x + 96B\cos x = \frac{16}{3}\sin x$$
$$95A\sin x + 95B\cos x = \frac{16}{3}\sin x$$
$$A = \frac{16}{285}, B = 0$$

$$y(x) = c_1 \sin 9.798x + c_2 \cos 9.798x + \frac{16}{285} \sin x$$
  

$$y'(x) = 9.798c_1 \cos 9.798x - 9.798c_2 \sin 9.798x + \frac{16}{285} \cos x$$
  

$$\frac{1}{12} = 9.798c_1 - 0 + \frac{16}{285} \rightarrow 9.798c_1 = -\frac{1}{756} \rightarrow c_1 = -1.35 \times 10^{-4}$$
  

$$-\frac{1}{2} = 0 + c_2 + 0 \rightarrow c_2 = -\frac{1}{2}$$
  

$$y(x) = -1.35 \times 10^{-4} \sin 9.798x - \frac{1}{2} \cos 9.798x + \frac{16}{285} \sin x$$



Most similar to beats, but frequencies are not very similar. The long-term behavior persists like this since there is no damping.

- 2. A mass weighing 19 kg is attached to a spring and stretches it 13 centimeters. The spring is attached to a damping mechanism that applies a damping force at twice the magnitude of the velocity. The spring is pushed upward from equilibrium by 5 cm and released. A forcing function of  $F(x) = e^{-x} + \cos 2x$  is applied to the system. You may round components of your solution to 4 decimal places (they will be pretty ugly).
  - a. Set up the equation of the system, including stating any initial conditions.
  - b. Solve the system.
  - c. Is the system undamped, underdamped, critically damped or overdamped?
  - d. Graph the system.
  - e. Which parts of the equation are transient, and which are steady state?

$$m = 19 \rightarrow F = 19 \times 9.8 = 186.2N$$

$$F = ky \rightarrow 186.2 = k(0.13) \rightarrow k = \frac{18620}{13} \approx 1432.3077$$

$$\gamma = 2, y(0) = 0.05, y'(0) = 0$$

$$19y'' + 2y' + 1432.3077y = e^{-x} + \cos 2x$$

$$\frac{19k^2 + 2k + 1432.3077 = 0}{2(19)} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{-108551.384}}{38} = \frac{-2 \pm 329.9263i}{38}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{19} \pm 8.6823i$$

$$y_h = c_1 e^{-\frac{1}{19}x} \sin 8.6823x + c_2 e^{-\frac{1}{19}x} \cos 8.6823x$$

$$y_p = Ae^{-x} + B \sin 2x + C \cos 2x$$

$$y'_{p} = -Ae^{-x} + 2B\cos 2x - 2C\sin 2x$$
  
$$y''_{p} = Ae^{-x} - 4B\sin 2x - 4C\cos 2x$$

 $19[Ae^{-x} - 4B\sin 2x - 4C\cos 2x] + 2[-Ae^{-x} + 2B\cos 2x - 2C\sin 2x]$  $+ 1432.3077[Ae^{-x} + B\sin 2x + C\cos 2x] = e^{-x} + \cos 2x$ 

 $e^{-x}$ : 19A - 2A + 1432.3077A = 1  $\rightarrow$  1449.3077A = 1  $\rightarrow$  A = 6.9  $\times$  10<sup>-4</sup>

 $\sin 2x : -76B - 4C + 1432.3077B = 0 \rightarrow 1356.3077B - 4C = 0$  $\cos 2x : -76C + 4B + 1432.3077C = 1 \rightarrow 4B + 1356.3077C = 1$ 

$$B = 2.1744 \times 10^{-6}, C = 7.3729 \times 10^{-4}$$

 $y(x) = c_1 e^{-\frac{1}{19}x} \sin 8.6823x + c_2 e^{-\frac{1}{19}x} \cos 8.6823x + 6.9 \times 10^{-4} e^{-x} + 2.1744 \times 10^{-6} \sin 2x + 7.3729 \times 10^{-4} \cos 2x$ 

 $y' = -\frac{1}{19}c_1e^{-\frac{1}{19}x}\sin 8.6823x + 8.6823c_1e^{-\frac{1}{19}x}\cos 8.6823x - \frac{1}{19}c_2e^{-\frac{1}{19}x}\cos 8.6823x - \frac{1}{$ 

$$0.05 = 0 + c_2 + 6.9 \times 10^{-4} + 0 + 7.3729 \times 10^{-4} \rightarrow c_2 = 0.04857$$

$$0 = 0 + 8.6823c_1 - \frac{1}{19}c_2 - 0 - 6.9 \times 10^{-4} + 4.3488 \times 10^{-6} + 0 \rightarrow c_1 = -3.7342 \times 10^{-4}$$

 $y(x) = -3.7342 \times 10^{-4} e^{-\frac{1}{19}x} \sin 8.6823x + 0.04857 e^{-\frac{1}{19}x} \cos 8.6823x + 6.9 \times 10^{-4} e^{-x} + 2.1744 \times 10^{-6} \sin 2x + 7.3729 \times 10^{-4} \cos 2x$ 





This function is underdamped.

All the exponential terms are decaying, so they are transient (though, you can see from the graph, they do take a while to decay), the remaining terms that are pure sine and cosine are the steady state components.